



Information about the subject

Degree: Bachelor of Science Degree in Physiotherapy

Faculty: Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences

Code: 240322 Name: Cardiocirculary and Respiratory Physiotherapy

Credits: 6,00 ECTS Year: 3 Semester: 1

Module: MODULE 2: SPECIFIC

Subject Matter: Specific Methods of Intervention in Physical Therapy Type: Compulsory

Field of knowledge: Health Sciences

Department: Physiotherapy

Type of learning: Classroom-based learning

Languages in which it is taught: English, Spanish

Lecturer/-s:

| 243A | Catalina Maria Roser Mas (Responsible Lecturer) | cm.roser@ucv.es |
|-------|---|-----------------|
| 243Q | Catalina Maria Roser Mas (Responsible Lecturer) | cm.roser@ucv.es |
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Module organization

MODULE 2: SPECIFIC

| Subject Matter | ECTS | Subject | ECTS | Year/semester |
|---|-------|--|------|---------------|
| Fundamentals of Physical Therapy | 6,00 | Fundamentals of Physiotherapy | 6,00 | 1/1 |
| Assessment in Physiotherapy | 6,00 | Assessment in Physiotherapy | 6,00 | 1/2 |
| General Procedures for Intervention in Physiotherapy | 12,00 | General Procedures of Intervention I | 6,00 | 2/1 |
| | | General Procedures of Intervention II | 6,00 | 2/2 |
| Physiotherapy in clinical specialties | 6,00 | Medical-Surgical Conditions and their Treatments | 6,00 | 2/2 |
| Specific Methods of Intervention in Physical Therapy | 30,00 | Cardiocirculary and Respiratory Physiotherapy | 6,00 | 3/1 |
| | | Physiotherapy of the Locomotive System I | 6,00 | 2/2 |
| | | Physiotherapy of the Locomotive system II | 6,00 | 3/1 |
| | | Physiotherapy of the Nervous System | 6,00 | 2/2 |
| | | Sports Physiotherapy | 6,00 | 3/1 |
| Kinesitherapy | 6,00 | Kinesitherapy | 6,00 | 2/1 |
| Legislation, Public Health and Health Administration | 12,00 | Community Physiotherapy and Public Health | 6,00 | 3/1 |





4/1

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6,00

Legislation, Public Health and Health Administration

Learning outcomes

At the end of the course, the student must be able to prove that he/she has acquired the following learning outcomes:

Social Morality. Ethics

| R1 | Knows the pulmonary physiology, the dynamics of the thoracic cage and the cardiocirculatory system. |
|----|---|
| R2 | Knows the normal cardio-respiratory function, and its alterations in the pathology. |
| R3 | Knows the different techniques of cardio-respiratory treatment and to distinguish correctly their choice. |
| R4 | Knows how to use the equipment for evaluating respiratory and cardiac function. |
| | |
| R5 | Knows how to interpret clinical reports, sounds and images of the cardio-respiratory system. |
| R6 | Knows the specific characteristics of the main respiratory and cardiocirculatory diseases. |
| | |
| R7 | The student is able to make a diagnosis based on the evaluation of the cardio-respiratory function. |
| R8 | Knows the fundamentals of the different disciplines and knowledge of health sciences applied to the environment of cardiac and respiratory physiotherapy. |
| R9 | Distinguishes the different hierarchies and priorities in the health care of cardiological and chronic respiratory patients. |





Competencies

Depending on the learning outcomes, the competencies to which the subject contributes are (please score from 1 to 4, being 4 the highest score):

| BASIC | | | | Weig | hting | g |
|-------|--|---|---|------|-------|---|
| | | 1 | I | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| CB1 | Students demonstrate knowledge and understanding in an area of study that is at the core of general secondary education, and is often at a level that, while supported by advanced textbooks, also includes some aspects that involve knowledge from the cutting edge of their field of study. | | | | x | |
| CB2 | Students know how to apply their knowledge to their work or vocation in a professional way and possess the skills usually demonstrated by developing and defending arguments and solving problems within their area of study. | | | | | X |
| CB3 | Students have the ability to gather and interpret relevant data (usually within their area of study) to make judgments that include reflection on relevant social, scientific or ethical issues. | | | | | X |
| CB4 | Students can convey information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialized and non-specialized audiences. | | | | | x |
| CB5 | Students develop those learning skills necessary to undertake further studies with a high degree of autonomy. | | | | | X |

| SPECIFIC | | Weighting | | |
|----------|---|-----------|--|--|
| | | 1 2 3 4 | | |
| CE1 | Students learn human anatomy and physiology, highlighting the dynamic relations between structure and function, especially of the locomotive system and the nervous and cardio-respiratory systems. | x | | |
| CE2 | Students identify the physiological and structural changes that can occur as a result of the application of physiotherapy. | x | | |
| CE8 | The psychological and social factors that influence the health/disease status of the individual, family and community. | × | | |





| CE9 | Students assimilate theories of communication and interpersonal skills. | x | |
|------|--|---|---|
| CE12 | The general aspects of pathology of endogenous and exogenous etiology related to physiotherapy of all devices and systems with their medical, surgical, physiotherapeutic and orthopedic treatments. | | X |
| CE13 | The structural, physiological, functional and behavioral changes that occur as a result of the intervention of physiotherapy. | | x |
| CE14 | Students identify the theoretical bases of Physiotherapy as a science and profession. The models of action in Physiotherapy. The theoretical bases of the assessments, tests and functional verifications: knowledge of their modalities and techniques as well as the scientific evaluation of their utility and effectiveness. The diagnosis of Physiotherapy. Methodology of the research applied to Physiotherapy. | | x |
| CE15 | General physiotherapeutic procedures: Kinesitherapy, Massage and Massage Therapy, Electrotherapy, Magnetic Therapy, Ergotherapy, Hydrotherapy, Balneotherapy, Climatotherapy, Thalassotherapy; Thermotherapy, Cryotherapy, Vibrotherapy, Phototherapy, Pressotherapy, and the derivatives of other physical agents | | X |
| CE16 | Physiotherapeutic Procedures based on specific Methods and Techniques of physiotherapeutic actions to be applied in the different pathologies of all the apparatuses and systems, and in all the specialties of Medicine and Surgery, as well as in the promotion and conservation of the health, and in the prevention of the disease. | | X |
| CE21 | Students give proof of the criteria and indicators that guarantee the quality in the provision of the physiotherapy service, through the use of good clinical practice guidelines and professional standards. | | X |
| CE28 | Students prepare and systematically fill in the complete Physiotherapy Clinical History, where all the steps followed from the reception of the patient/user to the report at the discharge of Physiotherapy are properly and efficiently recorded. | | X |
| CE29 | Students assess the functional state of the patient/user, considering the physical, psychological and social aspects. | | X |
| CE30 | Students determine the Physiotherapy Diagnosis according to the internationally recognized standards and international validation instruments. This competency includes prioritizing the needs of the patient/user to attend with priority to those that most compromise the recovery process. | | × |





| CE31 | Students know how to design the Physiotherapy Intervention Plan. To elaborate a specific Physiotherapy Intervention Plan using problem-solving skills and clinical reasoning: in line with the available resources; formulating the intervention objectives with the user and, if appropriate, with the significant people in his environment, collecting his expectations regarding care; selecting the protocols or procedures most appropriate to the planned care, attending to criteria of appropriateness, validity and efficiency. | | x |
|-------|--|----------|---|
| CE41 | Students keep the foundations of the knowledge, skills and attitudes of the professional competences updated, through a process of continuous training (throughout life); to critically analyse the methods, protocols and treatments of the care in Physiotherapy and to ensure that they are adapted to the evolution of scientific knowledge. | | x |
| CE47 | Students maintain an attitude of learning and improvement. This includes expressing interest and acting in a constant search for information and professional improvement, committing to contribute to professional development in order to improve practice competence and maintain the status that corresponds to a qualified and regulated profession. | | X |
| CE51 | Show respect, appreciation and sensitivity to the work of others. | | X |
| CE52 | Develop the ability to organize and lead work teams effectively and efficiently. | x | |
| CE55 | Show its orientation towards the patient/user, making it clear in its actions that the citizen and his/her needs are the axis around which its decisions revolve. As can be seen, some of the competencies that we have gathered as specific coincide in their denomination and contents with certain transversal competencies, but we have decided to incorporate them as specific competencies, given the extraordinary importance that national and international Professional Associations and Colleges confer on them | | X |
| TRANS | VERSAL | Weightin | g |
| | | 1 2 3 | 4 |

- CT1 Decision-making
- CT2 Problem solving.

Χ

Χ





| CT3 | Capacity for organization and planning. | | | x |
|------|--|---|---|---|
| CT4 | Analysis and synthesis capacity. | | x | |
| CT5 | Oral and written communication in the native language. | | x | |
| CT6 | Information management capacity. | | | x |
| CT7 | Computer skills related to the field of study. | | x | |
| CT8 | Knowledge of a foreign language. | x | | |
| CT9 | Ethical commitment. | | | x |
| CT10 | Teamwork. | | | x |
| CT11 | Interpersonal relationship skills. | | | X |
| CT12 | Work in an interdisciplinary team | | | X |
| CT13 | Critical Reasoning | | | x |
| CT14 | Work in an international context. | X | | |
| CT15 | Recognition of diversity and multiculturalism | | x | |
| CT16 | Motivation for quality | | | x |
| CT17 | Adaptation to new situations. | | | x |
| CT18 | Creativity | | x | |
| CT19 | Autonomous learning | | | x |
| CT20 | Initiative and entrepreneurship | | x | |
| CT21 | Leadership. | | x | |
| CT22 | Knowledge of other cultures and customs | x | | |





X

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CT23 Sensitivity to environmental issues.







Assessment system for the acquisition of competencies and grading system

| Assessed learning outcomes | Granted percentage | Assessment method |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7 | 20,00% | OPEN QUESTIONS: Written exam in which theoretical knowledge and the student's ability to relate, integrate and express it coherently in written language are evaluated. It allows the following generic or transversal skills to be assessed: 4 Capacity for analysis and synthesis. 3 Capacity for organisation and planning. 5 Oral and written communication in the native language. 8 Knowledge of a foreign language. 2 Problem-solving 19 Autonomous learning. |
| R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8 | 30,00% | TEST TYPE: Multiple choice test with one correct answer out of five possible ones. It allows the student to know in greater detail the contents acquired by him/her. It allows the following generic or transversal competences to be assessed: 2 Problem solving 1 Decision making 13 Critical thinking |
| R1, R2, R3, R5, R6, R7 | 10,00% | PRACTICES: Oral test in which the student is asked to solve practical exercises, clinical cases or problems about the knowledge of the different subjects. It assesses the following generic or transversal competences: 4 Analysis and synthesis capacity. 3 Capacity for organisation and planning. 7 IT Knowledge. 6 Information management skills. 2 Problem-solving 1 Decision-making. 13 Critical thinking. 19 Self-directed learning. |





WORKS: The student, individually or in a group, 0.00% elaborates a revision or research topic and presents it, in writing, for the evaluation by the teacher. The following generic or transversal competences are valued: 4 Capacity for analysis and synthesis. 3 Capacity for organisation and planning. 7 Computer Information management skills. 6 skills. 10 Teamwork. 14 Working in an international context. 11 Interpersonal skills. 13 Critical thinking. 19 Autonomous learning. 18 Creativity. 21 Leadership. 20 Initiative and entrepreneurship. 16 Motivation for Quality. 70 Maintaining an attitude of learning and improvement. 72 Knowing one's own skills and limitations.

- R3, R4, R5, R6, R7 30.00% PRACTICAL EXAM: The student is faced with a test in which s/he must demonstrate through practical application the acquisition of certain knowledge. For example, histological or anatomopathological diagnosis, image interpretation or diagnostic tests. This test evaluates the following generic or skills: Critical 19 transversal 13 reasoning. Autonomous learning.
- R3, R4, R5, R6, R7 10,00% PRESENTATION: The student develops, through an oral presentation, supported or not by audiovisual means, a subject or work commissioned by the teacher. This is the method of evaluation of the Final Degree's Project. At the end of the presentation, the teacher or the audience can ask questions.
 - 0,00% ATTENDANCE AND PARTICIPATION IN CLASS: The teacher evaluates the participation, involvement and progression of the student's acquisition of knowledge and skills during the theoretical and practical classes. It will not exceed 5% of the final grade.

Observations

proportional part.

The evaluation of the written test will be carried out in two parts: (50% final mark)

-Test-type exam 30% -Test-type exam 30% -Test-type exam The

multiple-choice test will consist of 4 answer options (A-D) with only one true answer.
 One correct answer will be deducted for every 4 wrong answers, without subtracting the

The date of the multiple-choice test will be established by the



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academic calendar. -Open questions 20%. -5 questions related to a clinical case of a patient with a cardiac pathology will be asked.-This test will take place once the syllabus belonging to Unit 2 has been completed. The date of the exam will be given on the first day of the course.In order to be able to take the practical exam, the written test (multiple-choice test + open questions) must be passed with a minimum of 5. This mark will be obtained from the sum of the multiple-choice test (30%) + the open questions (20%).If the written test is not passed in the ordinary exam session, both tests (multiple-choice test and open questions) will be repeated in the second session. -Practical exam (40% final mark). -Performance of a manual lymphatic drainage technique (15%). -Performance of a practical case study related to a specific technique (15%).

MENTION OF DISTINCTION:

In accordance with the regulations governing the assessment and grading of subjects in force at UCV, the distinction of "Matrícula de Honor" (Honours with Distinction) may be awarded to students who have achieved a grade of 9.0 or higher. The number of "Matrículas de Honor" (Honours with Distinction) may not exceed five percent of the students enrolled in the group for the corresponding academic year, unless the number of enrolled students is fewer than 20, in which case a single "Matrícula de Honor" (Honours with Distinction) may be awarded. Exceptionally, these distinctions may be assigned globally across different groups of the same subject. Nevertheless, the total number of distinctions awarded will be the same as if they were assigned by group, but they may be distributed among all students based on a common criterion, regardless of the group to which they belong. The criteria for awarding "Matrícula de Honor" (Honours with Distinction) will be determined according to the guidelines stipulated by the professor responsible for the course, as detailed in the "Observations" section of the evaluation system in the course guide.

_earning activities

The following methodologies will be used so that the students can achieve the learning outcomes of the subject:

- M1 Master class Problem solving Exposition of contents by the teacher. Explanation of knowledge and skills
- M2 Case resolution: Analysis of sample realities real or simulated that allow the student to connect theory with practice, to learn from models of reality or to reflect on the processes used in the cases presented.
- M4 Personalized attention. Period of instruction and/or guidance by a tutor with the aim of analyzing with the student their work, activities and their evolution in learning the subjects.





- M5 Set of tests carried out to know the degree of acquisition of knowledge and skills of the student.
- M11 Oral presentation
- M12 Group work: Group work sessions supervised by the teacher. Knowledge construction through student interaction and activity.
- M14 Group work to search, discuss and filter information about the subjects
- M15 Seminar, supervised monographic sessions with shared participation
- M16 Student's study: Individual preparation of readings, essays, problem solving, seminars.







IN-CLASS LEARNING ACTIVITIES

| | LEARNING OUTCOMES | HOURS | ECTS |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Theoretical lessons | R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9 | 32,00 | 1,28 |
| Practice lessons | R3, R4, R7 | 14,00 | 0,56 |
| Seminar ^{M15} | R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9 | 6,00 | 0,24 |
| Office Hours ^{M4} | R8 | 5,00 | 0,20 |
| Assessment M5, M16 | R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9 | 3,00 | 0,12 |
| TOTAL | | 60,00 | 2,40 |

LEARNING ACTIVITIES OF AUTONOMOUS WORK

| | LEARNING OUTCOMES | HOURS | ECTS |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|------|
| Autonomous work | R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9 | 62,00 | 2,48 |
| Group work M11, M12, M14 | R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8, R9 | 28,00 | 1,12 |
| TOTAL | | 90,00 | 3,60 |
| | | | |
| | | | |





Description of the contents

Description of the necessary contents to acquire the learning outcomes.

Theoretical contents:

| Content block | Contents |
|---|---|
| UNIT 1: CIRCULATORY SYSTEM | Topic 1: Anatomy and physiology of the lymphatic system. Topic 2: Introduction to DLM. Topic 3: Edemas. Practice 1: Basic movements of the DLM. Practice 2: DLM MMII sequence. Practice 3: Treatment of lymphedema of the MMII. Practice 4: MMII multilayer bandage. |
| UNIT 2: CARDIAC SYSTEM | Topic 1: Introduction to Cardiac Rehabilitation. Topic 2: Assessment of the cardiac patient. Topic 3: Phases of Cardiac Rehabilitation. Topic 4: Cardiac Rehabilitation in patients with ischemic heart disease. Topic 5: Cardiac Rehabilitation in patients with heart failure. Topic 6: Cardiac Rehabilitation in heart transplant patients. |
| UNIT 3: PHYSICAL THERAPY IN RESPIRATOY PATIENT | Topic 1: Anatomy and Physiology of the Respiratory System. Topic 2: Assessment of the respiratory patient. Topic 3: Oxygen therapy and non-invasive mechanical ventilation. Topic 4: Pulmonary rehabilitation. Topic 5: Respiratory physiotherapy in obstructive pathologies. Topic 6: Respiratory physiotherapy in restrictive pathologies. Practice 1: Ventilatory reeducation techniques. Practice 3: Forced expiration techniques and instrumental techniques for respiratory physiotherapy. |





WORK GROUP

- A group work will be carried out where Physiotherapy treatment in a group of pathologies of the cardio-circulatory and respiratory system will be addressed. Students will prepare a written report and will make an oral defense of the assigned topic.

Temporary organization of learning:

| Block of content | Number of sessions | Hours |
|--|--------------------|-------|
| UNIT 1: CIRCULATORY SYSTEM | 7,00 | 14,00 |
| UNIT 2: CARDIAC SYSTEM | 9,00 | 18,00 |
| UNIT 3: PHYSICAL THERAPY IN RESPIRATOY PATIENT | 11,00 | 22,00 |
| WORK GROUP | 3,00 | 6,00 |







References

UNIT 1:Basic reference:

1-Fernández Domenech, A; Lozano Celma C. DRENAJE LINFÁTICO MANUAL.MÉTODO ORIGINAL Dr VODDER .Barcelona: Nueva Estética, 20082-Wittlinger h, Wittlinger D, Wittlinger A, Wittlinger M..DRENAJE MANUAL SEGÚN ELMÉTODO DEL DR VODDER. Madrid: Panamericana, 2009

Complementary reference:1-Ferrandez, J.C; Theys S; Bouchet JY. REEDUCACIÓN DE LOS EDEMAS EN LOSMIEMBROS INFERIORES. Barcelona:Panamericana, 20022-Ferrandez J.C. EL SISTEMA LINFÁTICO: HISTORIA, ICONOGRAFÍA EIMPLICACIONES FISIOTERAPÉUTICAS .Madrid: Panamericana, 20063-Földi M; Strossenreuther R. FOUNDATIONS OF MANUAL LYMPH DRAINAGE. EdElsevier Mosby, 20054-Vinyes F. LA LINFA Y SU DRENAJE MANUAL.Barcelona Integral, 2012

UNIT 2:Basic reference:1-Maroto Montero J.M; De Pablo Zarzosa C, Artiago Ramirez R, Morales Diran.REHABILITACIÓN CARDIOVASCULAR.Madrid: Panamericana.2-Seco Calvo, J.SISTEMA CARDIOVASCULAR. MÉTODOS, FISIOTERAPIA CLÍNICAY AFECCIONES PARA FISIOTERAPEUTAS. Madrid: Panamericana, 20183-Plegueguezuelos E, Miranda G, Gómez A, Capellas,L. PRINCIPIOS DEREHABILITACIÓN CARDIACA. Madrid: Panamericana, 2010. UNIT 3:Basic reference:1-Güell R, De Lucas P. TRATADO DE REHABILITACIÓN RESPIRATORIA. Ars Médica,2005.2-Seco Calvo, J. SISTEMA RESPIRATORIO. MÉTODOS, FISIOTERAPIA CLÍNICA YAFECCIONES PARA FISIOTERAPEUTAS. Panamericana, 2018.3-Giménez M, Servera E, Vergara P. PREVENCIÓN Y REHABILITACIÓN EN PAPrevención y rehabilitación en patología respiratoria crónica. Madrid: Panamericana,20044-Antonello M, Delplanque D. FISIOTERAPIA RESPIRATORIA: DEL DIAGNNÓSTICOAL PROYECTO TERAPÉUTICO. Barcelona: Masson, 20025-Página Web SEPAR (http://www.separ.es/biblioteca-1/Biblioteca-para-Profesionales).Manuales y normativas SEPAR.

Complementary reference:-West J. FISIOLOGÍA RESPIRATORIA.Barcelona: Woltwersklwer,2009-Netter FH. ATLAS DE ANATOMÍA HUMANA. Barcelona: Masson. 3ª Ed, 2003